



<https://printo.it/pediatric-rheumatology/TW/intro>

Printo/SHARE (SPA-ERA)

Printo

3. Printo

3.1 Printo

Printo is the only international network of pediatric rheumatologists and pediatric rheumatology centers. It was established in 2000 as the European Society of Paediatric Rheumatology (ESPR) and was renamed Printo in 2014. Printo is a non-profit organization that provides a platform for the exchange of information, experiences and best practices among pediatric rheumatologists and pediatric rheumatology centers. Printo is also the main international organization for the study of pediatric rheumatology.

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3.6 非甾体抗炎药

非甾体抗炎药 (NSAIDs) 是一类广泛使用的药物，主要用于缓解疼痛、减轻炎症和降低发热。它们通过抑制环氧合酶 (COX) 的活性来发挥作用。然而，长期使用 NSAIDs 可能会导致严重的副作用，包括胃肠道出血、肾脏损伤和心血管风险。因此，在服用 NSAIDs 之前，医生通常会建议进行风险评估。此外，一些 NSAIDs 还可能与某些药物发生相互作用，影响其疗效或增加副作用的风险。在临床实践中，医生会根据患者的具体情况，权衡利弊，选择最合适的药物和剂量。

3.7 抗凝剂

抗凝剂是一类用于预防和治疗血栓形成的药物。它们通过干扰血液凝固过程中的不同环节来发挥作用。常见的抗凝剂包括华法林、肝素、低分子肝素、直接口服抗凝剂 (DOACs) 等。抗凝剂的使用需要密切监测，因为它们会增加出血的风险。医生会根据患者的具体情况，调整药物的剂量。此外，抗凝剂还可能与某些药物发生相互作用，影响其疗效或增加副作用的风险。在临床实践中，医生会根据患者的具体情况，权衡利弊，选择最合适的药物和剂量。

3.8 抗血小板药

抗血小板药是一类用于预防和治疗血栓形成的药物。它们通过抑制血小板的聚集来发挥作用。常见的抗血小板药包括阿司匹林、氯吡格雷、替格瑞洛等。抗血小板药的使用需要密切监测，因为它们会增加出血的风险。医生会根据患者的具体情况，调整药物的剂量。此外，抗血小板药还可能与某些药物发生相互作用，影响其疗效或增加副作用的风险。在临床实践中，医生会根据患者的具体情况，权衡利弊，选择最合适的药物和剂量。